M.TECH/AEIE/1ST **SEM/AEIE** 5141/2023

MECHATRONICS (AEIE 5141)

Time Allotted: 2½ hrs Full Marks: 60

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 4 (four) from Group B to E, taking one from each group.

Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.

1.

Group – A						
Answer any twelve: 12						
	Choose the correct alternative for the following					
(i)	The transducer sensing motion in smart p (a) MEMS gyroscope (c) MEMS capacitive sensor	ohones is (b) MEMS accelerometer (d) MEMS inductive sensor.				
(ii)	The gauge factor of semiconductor strain (a) 2 to 10 (c) more than 200	gauge is in the range of (b) 100 to 150 (d) 50 to 100.				
(iii)	Microgrippers used in microsurgery are a (a) electromechanical (c) pneumatic	actuators of type (b) electrostatic (d) SMA.				
(iv)	In industrial environment, the most prefix of (a) hydraulic type (c) electrical type	erable actuator for lifting heavy objects (b) pneumatic type (d) electromechanical type				
(v)	For the measurement of vibration, the measurement (a) unguided armature (c) spring-extended armature	ost suitable type of LVDT is (b) captive armature (d) guided armature type.				
(vi)	An electrical actuator used to protect are by overload or short circuit is (a) safety switches (c) circuit breaker	electrical circuit from damage caused (b) relay (d) fuse.				
(vii)	In Data acquisition, physical variables from (a) converted into pneumatic signals (b) modified and converted into a digital (c) converted into mechanical signals (d) modified and converted into hydraulic	format for processing				

(viii)	The domestic water meter is of (a) Swivel vane rotary actuator type (c) Double-acting piston type	(b) Piston rotary actuator type(d) Single-acting plunger type.				
(ix)	In a standard control system, the block be (a) Final control element (c) Actuator	etween the comparator and plant is (b) Sensor (d) Both (a) and (c).				
(x)	In robotic surgery, hydraulic actuators ar (a) nonlinear actuation (c) complex actuation	re not recommended, because (b) bad efficiency (d) all of the above.				
	Fill in the blanks with the o	correct word				
(xi)	In robotic/laparoscopic surgery, the	type actuators are recommended.				
(xii)	In hydraulic cylinders, stroke is thecylinder.	that the piston travels through the				
(xiii)	DC LVDTs do not require separate	circuitry.				
(xiv)	Schmitt Trigger is known as	comparator.				
(xv)	xv) Photoresistors exhibit acharacteristics for incident optic illumination versus the resulting resistance.					
Group - B						
(a) (b)	Discuss the mechanical elements of mechatronics. [(CO1)(Analyse/IOCQ)] Give a few examples of electromechanical elements of a mechatronic system.					
(c)	State the process of tracing the technological advances in the design manufacturing, and operation of engineering products/devices. Describe the benefits associated with Revolutions of Mechatronics as a Contemporary Design Paradigm. $[(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)] = 12$					
(a) (b) (c)	How do you measure displacement on a millimetre scale? [(CO1)(Remember/LOCQ)] Describe the transduction principle of the said transducer with I/c characteristics. [(CO1)(Remember/LOCQ)] Classify the most important parameters for the categorization of sensor Illustrate the importance of signal conditioning circuitry required to process the sensor output. [(CO2)(Remember/IOCQ)]					

2.

3.

Group - C

Why micro-actuators are part and parcel of medical surgery? [(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)] Compare Lateral and Transverse comb drive micro-actuators. (a) 4.

(b)

[(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)]

(c) Evaluate a suitable actuation system for position control purposes with proper justification. [(CO3)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]

4 + 3 + 5 = 12

5. (a) Explain the importance of microcomputer in mechatronics systems.

[(CO4)(Analyze/IOCQ)]

(b) What do you mean by embedded system? Describe an embedded system that can be employed for non-contact measurement / monitoring of human body temperature with a suitable block diagram. [(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)]

4 + (3 + 5) = 12

Group - D

- 6. (a) Explain briefly the working principle of the hydraulic actuator. State the term "stroke" in the case of hydraulic cylinders. [(CO4)(Analyse/IOCQ)]
 - (b) What is the significance of a power cylinder in a pneumatic line?

[(CO3)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]

(c) List the few advantages of a pneumatic actuator.

[(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)]4 + 4 + 4 = 12

7. (a) What do you mean by the Shape Memory Effect?

[(CO4)(Understand/LOCQ)]

(b) Explain the stress-strain curve of SMA.

[(CO3)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]

(c) Describe the applications of SMA in the medical field.

[(CO4)(Analyse/IOCQ)]

3 + 5 + 4 = 12

Group - E

8. (a) What do you understand by the term CMRR?

[(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)]

(b) Can you replace an instrumentation amplifier used in the signal conditioning circuit of a particular transducer with a differential amplifier? Give reasons.

[(CO3)(Examine/HOCQ)]

4 + (6 + 2) = 12

- 9. (a) What do you mean by "Brickwall Filter"? How does the behaviour of a band pass filter change if we increase the order? [(CO5)(Remember/LOCQ)]
 - (b) Describe the building blocks of data acquisition system. What are the most important criteria for evaluating sensors? [(CO5)(Apply/IOCQ)]

(3+3)+(3+3)=12

Cognition Level	LOCQ	IOCQ	HOCQ
Percentage distribution	35	42	23

Course Outcome (CO):

After the completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand a real time mechatronics system.
- 2. Identify the key elements of mechatronics systems and its representation in terms of block diagram.

- 3. Gain knowledge of different types of Sensors required for developing mechatronics systems.
- 4. Learn the functions of different types of actuators and identify their application areas.
- 5. Understand concept of signal conditioning and use of interfacing systems such as comparator, filters, amplifiers, etc.
- 6. Learn the hardware and software interfacing for embedded systems

*LOCQ: Lower Order Cognitive Question; IOCQ: Intermediate Order Cognitive Question; HOCQ: Higher Order Cognitive Question.