SIGNALS & SYSTEMS (ELEC 2202)

Time Allotted : 3 hrs

Full Marks: 70

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and <u>any 5 (five)</u> from Group B to E, taking <u>at least one</u> from each group.

Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.

Group – A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

| 1. | Choos | | 10 × 1 = 10 | | | | |
|-----|--------|---|---|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | (i) | The value of the i (a) $\frac{1}{a^2}$ | ntegral $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(at)$ (b) $\frac{1}{ a }$ | dt is (c) $\frac{1}{a}$ | | (d) $\frac{-1}{a}$ | |
| | (ii) | If a signal f(t) has (a) 2E | energy E, the en (b) E/4 | ergy of (c) E | the signal <i>f</i> (/2 | (0.5 <i>t</i>) is ea (d) E. | qual to |
| | (iii) | Integration of a step signal gives (a) ramp signal (c) parabolic signal | | | (b) impulse signal (d) gate signal. | | |
| | (iv) | If a periodic signal has an even symmetry, the Fourier series contains(a) only sine terms(b) only cosine terms(c) constant and cosine terms(d) both sine and cosine terms | | | | | ntains s sine terms. |
| | (v) | Fourier transform of a gate signal is a (a) sine wave (c) unit step signal | | | (b) sinc function (d) ramp signal. | | |
| | (vi) | In force-voltage analogy, mass is analogous to(a) resistance(b) inductance(c) capacitance(d) conductance. | | | | | |
| | (vii) | The unit step response of the system $G(s) = \frac{1}{0.2s+1}$ reaches 63.2% of its final value after (a) 20 sec (b) 0.2 sec (c) 2 sec (d) 1 sec. | | | | | |
| | (viii) |) The magnitude response of a second order system has a resonant peak if damping ratio is | | | | | |
| ELE | C 2202 | (a) 1 (c) less than 0.70 | 7 | 1 | (b) 0.707 (d) less tha | ın 1. | |

(ix) For a two input, 2 state and one output system, the dimension of C matrix is (a) 1×2 (b) 2×1 (c) 2×2 (d) 2×3 .

| (x) | A second order system has $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ | $\binom{0}{-2}$, the system is | |
|-----|---|---------------------------------|--|
| | (a) underdamped | (b) overdamped | |
| | (c) critically damped | (d) undamped. | |

Group - B

- 2. (a) Examine whether signal x(t) = r(t) is an energy or a power signal or none. [(CO1)(Analyse/IOCQ)]
 - (b) Sketch the signal x(t) = r(t+3) r(t+2) r(t-2) + r(t-3). [(C01)(Understand/LOCQ)]
 - (c) Sketch the even and odd component of a signal $x(t) = Ae^{-at}u(t)$. [(CO1)(Understand/LOCQ)]
 - (d) Determine the output of a system whose impulse response h(t) = u(t-3) for an input x(t) = u(t-1) using graphical convolution method. [(CO2)(Evaluate/HOCQ)] 3 + 2 + 2 + 5 = 12
- 3. (a) Find the exponential Fourier series for the signal *x*(*t*) shown in Fig.1.[(CO1)(Analyze/IOCQ)]



(b) Find the Fourier transform of the signal x(t) shown in Fig.2. Also sketch the amplitude and phase spectra of the signal. [(CO1)(Analyze/IOCQ)]



6 + 6 = 12

Group - C

- 4. (a) What do you mean by aliasing phenomenon? How we can prevent aliasing? [(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)]
 - (b) Find the z-transforms and ROCs of the following signals. (i) $x(n) = [(\frac{2}{3})^n]u(n) + [(\frac{1}{2})^n]u(-n-1)$ (ii) $g(n) = A \sin(w_0 n) u(n)$

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(iii)
$$x(n) = n(\frac{1}{4})^n u(n).$$
 [(CO3)(Analyze/IOCQ)]
3 + (3 × 3) = 12

5. (a) Find the inverse z-transforms of the following functions. Using partial fraction method

(i)
$$X(z) = \frac{z^2 + z}{(z-1)(z-3)}$$
, ROC $|z| > 3$
(ii) $X(z) = \frac{1+3z^{-1}}{1+3z^{-1}+2z^{-2}}$, ROC $|z| > 2$. [(CO3)(Analyze/IOCQ)]
(b) Determine the unit step response of the system whose input (*x*(*n*)) and output

(y(n)) relationship is given by the difference equation $y(n) + \frac{1}{3}y(n-1) = x(n)$. [(CO3)(Evaluate/HOCQ)] (4 + 4) + 4 = 12

Group – D

- (a) Define Linear Time invariant system? [(CO4)(Understand/LOCQ)]
 (b) Develop the electrical analogous circuit of the mechanical system shown in
 - Fig.3 using force-voltage and force-current analogy. [(CO4)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]



2 + (5 + 5) = 12

7. (a) What do you mean by the transfer function of a system?

[(CO5)(Understand/LOCQ)]

(b) A system is described by a differential equation,

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} + 16 y(t) = 16 x(t)$$

Where y(t) is the output and x(t) is the input to the system. Find out the

- (i) transfer function of the system
- (ii) natural frequency of oscillation and damping ratio of the system
- (iii) unit step response of the system
- (iv) peak time, over shoot and settling time of the system
- (v) sketch the unit step response of the system. [(CO5)(Analyze/IOCQ)]

2 + 10 = 12

Group – E

8. (a) Obtain the state space representation of an armature controlled DC servo motor. [(CO6)(Analyze/IOCQ)]

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6.

(b) Develop the state variable model of the system whose transfer function is given by $G(s) = \frac{s^2+3s+4}{s^5+3s^4+7s^3+9s^2+11s+13}$. [(CO6)(Analyze/IOCQ)]

9. The state variable model of a system is given by,

 $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x_1} \\ \dot{x_2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u \text{ and } y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$

Evaluate the

- (i) transfer function of the system.
- (ii) state transition matrix.
- (iii) zero input response if $x_1(0) = 0$ and $x_2(0) = 1$.
- (iv) state response due to unit impulse input.
- (v) time response y(t).

| Cognition Level | LOCQ | IOCQ | HOCQ |
|-------------------------|------|-------|-------|
| Percentage distribution | 9.38 | 58.33 | 32.29 |

Course Outcome (CO):

After the completion of the course students will be able to

- CO1: Understand the concept of signals and analyze the spectral content in periodic and aperiodic signals.
- CO2: Understand the impulse response of a system, convolution of two signals and its application to dynamic systems.
- CO3: Understand the concept of sampling of a signal; obtain the output of a system using z transform.
- CO4: Describe the mathematical model of physical systems and understand the concept of BIBO stability.
- CO5: Possess a basic understanding of the concept of frequency response and time response of dynamic systems and analyze their implications.
- CO6: Describe the mathematical model of dynamical systems in state-space form and its time domain solution using the concept of "state transition matrix".

*LOCQ: Lower Order Cognitive Question; IOCQ: Intermediate Order Cognitive Question; HOCQ: Higher Order Cognitive Question

^{[(}CO6)(Evaluate /HOCQ)] (3 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 1) = 12