B.TECH/ECE/5TH SEM/ECEN 3103/2020 MICROWAVE ENGINEERING (ECEN 3103)

Time Allotted : 3 hrs

Full Marks : 70

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and <u>any 5 (five)</u> from Group B to E, taking <u>at least one</u> from each group.

Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.

Group – A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternative for the following: **10** × **1** = **10**
 - (i) The dominant TM mode in a rectangular waveguide is (a) TM_{21} (b) TM_{12} (c) TM_{11} (d) TM_{32} .
 - (ii) In certain applications, circular waveguides are preferred to rectangular waveguides because of

 (a) lower attenuation
 (b) small cross section
 (c) freedom of spurious mode
 (d) none of these.
 - (iii) In microwave frequencies, a cavity may be considered as a
 (a) low-pass filter
 (b) band-pass filter
 (c) high-pass filter
 (d) band-stop filter.
 - (iv) If only the position of the port of a network is changed, then its scattering parameter undergoes a
 (a) Change in magnitude
 - (a) Change in magnitude
 - (b) Change in the phase
 - (c) Change in both magnitude and phase
 - (d) No change.
 - (v) The total length of a rat-race junction is (a) $3\lambda_g/2$ (b) $3\lambda_g/4$ (c) $2\lambda_g/3$ (d) $\lambda_g/2$.

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- (vi) For S matrix to be unitary, the circuit should be
 (a) reciprocal
 (b) lossless
 (c) matched
 (d) none of the above.
- (vii) If the reflection co efficient of a 2 port network is 0.25 then the return network loss in the network is
 (a) 12.05 dB
 (b) 0.15Db
 (c) 20dB
 (d) 10dB.
- (viii) Ferrite isolators are ____ port microwave devices.
 (a) Two
 (b) Three
 (c) Four
 (d) both (a) and (b).
- (ix) Transducer power gain of a two port network is dependent on: (a) Z_S and Z_L (b) Z_S (c) Z_L (d) Independent of both the impedances.
- (x) One of the reasons why vacuum tubes eventually fail at microwave frequencies is that their

(a) noise figure increases

- (b) transit time becomes too short
- (c) shunt capacitive reactance become too large
- (d) series inductive reactance become too small

Group – B

- 2. (a) A rectangular waveguide has width a = 22.86 mm and height b = 10.16 mm.
 - (i) Calculate the cut-off frequency and cut-off wavelength of the first four modes.
 - (ii) If the waveguide is operated at a frequency of 20 GHz, then identify the propagating modes. In addition, determine the degenerate modes.
 - (b) For a rectangular waveguide, prove that

$$\frac{1}{\lambda_g^2} = \frac{1}{\lambda^2} - \frac{1}{\lambda_c^2}.$$

6 + 6 = 12

- 3. (a) Find the expression for average power for dominant mode inside an air filled rectangular waveguide.
 - (b) Prove that

$$\frac{1}{Q_L} = \frac{1}{Q_0} + \frac{1}{Q_{ext}}$$

 $Q_{\text{L}},\ Q_0,\ Q_{\text{ext}}$ are loaded, unloaded and external Q factor for cavity resonator.

(c) What do mean by degenerate mode of a rectangular waveguide?

6 + 4 + 2 = 12

Group – C

- 4. (a) Prove that for a reciprocal lossless N port network, the impedance matrix is purely imaginary.
 - (b) Describe the operating principle of a rat race coupler.

5 + 7 = 12

- 5. (a) Derive the S matrix for symmetric directional coupler.
 - (b) 'A three port network cannot be simultaneously lossless, reciprocal and matched at all ports'- Give a justification of the statement.

8 + 4 = 12

Group – D

- 6. (a) Explain the amplification procedure for Travelling wave Tube device with a suitable diagram.
 - (b) Explain oscillation mechanism of a Gunn diode.

6 + 6 = 12

- 7. (a) Describe the design procedure of a single-stage transistor amplifier for maximum gain.
 - (b) Explain the working principle of reflex klystron as an amplifier with a suitable diagram.

6 + 6 = 12

Group – E

- 8. (a) Describe the operating principle of a TRAPATT diode.
 - (b) Explain the operating principle of GaAs/Si HEMT. Briefly describe small signal model of GaAs/Si HEMT.

6 + 6 = 12

- 9. (a) Design a prototype for low pass Butterworth filter of the order N=5. The cut off frequency is 5GHz and the input resistance R0= 20Ω . The filter parameters are given as $g_0=0.6180$, $g_1=1.6180$, $g_2=2.000$, $g_3=1.6180$ $g_4=0.6180g_5=1.000$.
 - (b) What do you mean by conditional stability of an amplifier?

10 + 2 = 12

Department & Section	Submission Link
ECE A	https://classroom.google.com/w/MTQzNjQ1NDY0OTUx/tc/MjY1MTg2MTk0OTk3
ECE B	https://classroom.google.com/u/1/w/MjE2NjlwODc1Mjl5/tc/Mjc0NzlwMjk3MTY0
ECE C	https://classroom.google.com/w/MTE4NDk5ODAwODA1/tc/MjY0OTkyNjgxNDE1