

9. (a) State the difference between the file open modes "r" and "r+".  
 (b) Write a C program to copy the contents of a file to another file where names of both files are supplied from the command line.  
 (c) Explain with an example the utility of the function feof().

**2 + 7 + 3 = 12**

**INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING  
(MCAP 1102)**

**Time Allotted : 3 hrs**

**Full Marks : 70**

*Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 5 (five) from Group B to E, taking at least one from each group.*

*Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.*

**Group – A  
(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**

1. Choose the correct alternative for the following: **10 × 1 = 10**

- (i) What will be the output of the following C code segment?

```
#define CUBE(x) x * x * x
int main ( )
{
  printf ("%d", CUBE (2 + 3));
  return 0;
}
```

- (a) 17 (b) 125 (c) 35 (d) 18.

- (ii) For the statement below, assume that x=50 before execution of the statement. Find, what is the value of y after execution?

```
y = x = = x++;
```

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 51 (d) 50.

- (iii) The expression  $4 + 6 / 3 * 2 - 2 + 7 \% 3$  evaluates to

- (a) 7 (b) 6 (c) 4 (d) 3.

- (iv) If a two dimensional array int a[10] [20] is represented as an array of pointers, then the element a[4][5] can be denoted by

- (a) \*(a + 4) + 5 (b) \*a[4] + 5  
 (c) \*(\* (a + 4) + 5) (d) a[4] + 5.

- (v) Which of the four assignments is valid after the following declaration?

```
int A[10], B[20], *C;
```

- (a) A = B (b) B = C (c) A = C (d) C = A.

- (vi) The default value of a static variable is  
 (a) 1 (b) 0 (c) -1 (d) garbage value.
- (vii) Which of the following takes the string s1 and copies it into string s2?  
 (a) s2 = (char\*) s1 (b) strcpy(s1, s2)  
 (c) strcpy(s2, s1) (d) s2 = strcpy(s1).
- (viii) 

```
enum colors {BLACK, BLUE, GREEN}
main()
{
    printf("%d..%d..%d", BLACK,BLUE,GREEN);
    return(1);
}

```

  
 (a) BLACK..BLUE..GREEN (b) 1..2..3  
 (c) 0..1..2 (d) Compilation Error.
- (ix) If there is any error while opening a file, what will *fopen()* return?  
 (a) 1 (b) NULL (c) EOF (d) -1.
- (x) Which of the following is the correct usage of conditional operators used in C?  
 (a) a>b ? c=30: c=40; (b) a>b ? c=30;  
 (c) z = a>b ? a>c? a:c:b>c? b:c; (d) return (a>b)?(a:b);

**Group – B**

2. (a) Summarize the rules for naming identifiers in C language.  
 (b) Draw a flowchart to find whether a number entered by the user is prime.  
 (c) When writing integer constants in C language, how are decimal constants, octal constants and hexadecimal constants distinguished from one another?
- 4 + 5 + 3 = 12**
3. (a) During the compilation process, what happens to symbolic constants that appear within a C program?  
 (b) Show the memory content of (27.3125)<sub>10</sub>, using IEEE 754 floating point (32 bits) representation.  
 (c) 

```
int main()
{
    char c = 'A';
    int x=c;
    x = x<<2;
    printf("%d",x);
    printf("%d",x/2 + ++x);
    print("%d",x%200);
    return 0;
}

```

  
 (d) State the difference between casting with an example.

**3 + 3 + 4 + 2 =****12****Group – C**

4. (a) Write a program in C which takes as input an integer and prints the sum of the digits of the input and also the number of digits in the input.  
 (b) Write down a function in C that takes *x* and *n* as inputs, and then find the value of the following series up to *n* terms :

$$1 - \frac{x^2}{3!} + \frac{x^3}{5!} - \frac{x^4}{7!} + \frac{x^5}{9!} - \dots$$

**4 + 8 = 12**

5. (a) Explain the use of break and continue statement in loops with example.  
 (b) Differentiate among function definition, function call and function declaration.  
 (c) Write a C program using recursion to reverse an integer number NUM and check whether it is PALINDROME or NOT.

**4 + 3 + 5 = 12****Group – D**

6. (a) If an array is passed to a function and several of its elements are altered within the function, are these changes recognized in the calling portion of the program? Explain.  
 (b) Write a program in C to find the product of two matrices. First input the matrices, print them in matrix format, then check whether multiplication is possible or not; if possible, multiply the matrices and print the result in matrix format, otherwise print proper message.

**5 + 7 = 12**

7. (a) How can a list of strings be stored within a two-dimensional array? How can the individual strings be processed?  
 (b) Write program in C that takes a name, consisting of Firstname and Surname, as input to a single string and generates a gmail id - SurnameFirstname@gmail.com. For example, if the input is Sachin Tendulkar the output will be TendulkarSachin@gmail.com. (*you are not allowed to use any function of string.h*).

**4 + 8 = 12****Group – E**

8. (a) Write a program in C that defines SCUBE(a, b), a macro, as a<sup>3</sup>+ b<sup>3</sup> and test the program to find SCUBE(4, 5 + 6).  
 (b) The time at a given instance has three elements hours, mins and secs. Write a program to add two times. Use a function to add the times and return result.

**5 + 7 = 12**