

To Study Yeast Growth Kinetics in a Specially Designed External Loop Airlift Bioreactor

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Abstract

Two types of airlift fermenters, conventional (UT-ALF) and modified (CDT-ALF) were investigated to evaluate their performance with respect to baker's yeast growth. The riser tube of conventional external loop airlift fermenter is replaced by a converging-diverging tube. The new reactor is called modified airlift reactor.

The results were compared for the two types of airlift fermenter (UT-ALF and CDT-ALF). Growth rates (dx/dt) were determined from experimental data for both the reactors under identical operating conditions and compared. CDT-ALF always shows higher growth rate compared to UT-ALF under any operating condition. Maximum growth was reported in CDT-ALF at 50 gm/l initial glucose conc. and 1.0 vvm air flow rate which was 20 % higher than UT-ALF. Yield (YX/S) was found to be 0.51 which is theoretically very near to maximum achievable value.

Keywords: Yeast cell, Bioreactor, Growth rate, Airlift fermenter (ALF), Culture, Air flow rate.

Symbols:

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| ALF | Air-lift fermenter |
| CDT | Converging – diverging tube |
| UT | Uniform tube |
| K_La | Volumetric mass transfer coefficient (1/ hr.) |
| $D.O$ | Dissolved oxygen |
| DNS | Dinitrosalicylic acid |
| OD | Optical density |
| vvm | Volume per volume per minute |
| dx/dt | Growth rate |
| d_{max} | Maximum dx/dt |
| t_{max} | Time to achieve d_{max} |

1. Introduction

Oxygen supply is a critical factor for many aerobic fermentation processes [1]. Initial glucose concentration in batch culture is another crucial parameter which control cell mass