#### B.TECH/BT/6<sup>TH</sup> SEM/CSEN 3205/2018

#### DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND COMPUTER NETWORKING (CSEN 3205)

Time Allotted : 3 hrs

Full Marks : 70

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and <u>any 5 (five)</u> from Group B to E, taking <u>at least one</u> from each group.

Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.

## Group – A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternative for the following:  $10 \times 1 = 10$ 
  - (i) The overall design of a database is called
    (a) schema of the database
    (b) structure of the database
    (c) the screen of the database
    (d) view of the database.
  - (ii) The level of data abstraction which describes how the data is actually stored is
     (a) physical level
     (b) storage level

(d) view level.

(a) physical level (c) conceptual level

- Which of the following is an application layer service?(a) FTP(b) Remote login(c) Mail services(d) All of these.
- (iv) A candidate key is
  (a) partial key
  (b) foreign key
  (c) minimal super key
  (d) all of these.
- (v) Relation R = (<u>A,B</u>,C,D) with AB as primary key. Choose one functional dependency such that R should be in 1NF but not in 2NF.
  (a) AB -> C
  (b) AB -> D
  - (c)  $A \to D$  (d)  $AB \to CD$ .
- (vi) Which of the following is/are network topologies?
  (a) Bus
  (b) Star
  (c) Both (a) and (b)
  (d) None of these.
- (vii) The \_\_\_\_\_ layer handles the creation of data frames.
  (a) data link
  (b) network
  (c) transport
  (d) physical.

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- (viii) Wait-die scheme for preventing deadlock is a
  - (a) pre-emptive scheme based on time-stamp
  - (b) non-pre-emptive scheme
  - (c) pre-emptive scheme
  - (d) non-preemptive scheme based on timestamp.
- (ix) A \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a device that forwards packets between networks by processing the routing information included in the packet.
  (a) bridge (b) firewall
  (c) router (d) all of the mentioned.
- (x) TCP and UDP belongs to which layer of OSI model?
  (a) Physical
  (b) Data link
  (c) Transport
  (d) Application.

## Group – B

- 2. (a) Discuss the advantage of Database System over File processing system. Explain physical and logical independence with respect to RDBMS.
  - (b) What is a composite and derived attribute. Design a generalization, specialization hierarchy for a motor vehicle sales company. The company sales motor cycles, passenger cars, vans, buses. Justify your placement of attributes at each level of hierarchy.

(3+3)+6=12

- 3. (a) Explain the Division operation in relational algebra with example.
  - (b) Consider a relational database as given below: *Train (<u>train-no</u>, train\_name, start\_station) Coach(<u>coach-no, train-no,</u> type, price)* where the underlined attributes are the primary keys. Write down the expressions in SQL and in relational algebra for the following queries:
    (i) List all the train names starting from station New Delhi
    - (ii) List the train number and price of all "2 A/C" (type) coaches with price below Rs.5456/-.
    - (iii) List the price and type of all coaches of "Purva Express" train.

5 + 7 = 12

# Group – C

4. (a) Explain what is deletion and updation data anomaly with proper examples.

(iii)

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(b) Let us assume a table User\_Personal (UserID, U\_email, Fname, Lname, City, State, Zip) with following FDs:

UserID  $\rightarrow$  U\_email, Fname, Lname, City, State, Zip

 $Zip \rightarrow City, State$ 

Is this table in 2NF? Explain.

Is this table in 3NF? If yes, explain why it is in 3NF. If not, then normalize it to Third Normal Form.

(3+3) + (2+4) = 12

- 5. (a) Explain with examples, The Lost Update problem and Dirty Read problem.
  - (b) Which of the following schedule is conflict serializable? Explain your answer.

For each serializable schedule, determine the equivalent serial schedule.

(i) r1(x); r3(x); w1(x); r2(x); w3(x);
(ii) r3(x); r2(x); w3(x); r1(x); w1(x).

$$(3+3)+6=12$$

#### Group - D

- 6. (a) What are the main functions of Data link, Network and Transport layer of OSI model?
  - (b) What are the basic differences between Amplifier and Repeater?
  - (c) Compare half duplex and full duplex operation.

6 + 3 + 3 = 12

- 7. (a) What is a network topology? Explain briefly Star, Bus and Ring topologies.
  - (b) What are the differences between a Bridge and a Router?

1 + 6 + 5 = 12

# Group – E

- 8. (a) The website address of our college is <u>www.heritageit.edu</u>. Explain briefly each and every component of the web address.
  - (b) You are sending an e-mail to your friend over the Internet. Explain step by step, with the help of a diagram how your mail will be received by your friend.

3 + 9 = 12

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- 9. (a) Name some protocols of Application layer and of transport layer of OSI model.
  - (b) Write short notes on
    - (i) Telnet and IP.
    - (ii) Packet Switching and Circuit switching
    - (iii) TCP/IP vs. OSI model

3 + (3 + 3 + 3) = 12

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