(a) bulk fluid movement (b) fluid movement at molecular level Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as (c) no fluid movement (d) both (a) and (b). practicable. In Power Law Differencing scheme diffusion is set to zero, when (x) Group - A (b) 0 < Pe < 10 (a) Pe = 0(Multiple Choice Type Questions) (d) Pe < 0. (c) Pe > 10 1. Choose the correct alternative for the following: $10 \times 1 = 10$ Group - B Unsteady state means (i) 2. (a) What is the difference between a fluid particle and a fluid element? (a) uniform in space (b) time independent (d) both (a) and (b). (c) time dependent (b) Briefly discuss on: (i) Lagrangian frame 'SIMPLE' algorithm stands for (ii) (ii) Temporal derivative (a) Semi Implicit Method for Patankar Linked Equations (iii) Substantial derivative (b) Semi Implicit Method for Path Linked Equations 3 + (3 + 3 + 3) = 12(c) Semi Indirect Method for Pressure Linked Equations (d) Semi Implicit Method for Pressure Linked Equations. 3. (a) Write Navier-Stokes equations for Newtonian fluid in Cartesian form and mention significance of each term. (iii) Pressure force is a type of (b) Write general transport equation for a general scalar variable \emptyset per unit (b) Viscous force (a) Body force mass and hence deduce momentum equation by substituting \emptyset with (c) Surface force (d) coriolis force. suitable variable. (iv) Rate of shearing deformation in x-y plane is 6 + (2 + 4) = 12(b) $\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}\right)$ $(a)\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial v}+\frac{\partial v}{\partial x}\right)$ Group - C Consider one dimensional steady state source free heat conduction in an 4. $(c)\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial x}-\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right)$ (d) $\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right)$ insulated metallic rod of 0.8m length, whose ends are maintained at constant temperature of 200°C and 600°C respectively. The thermal (v) Shear stresses on fluid element are conductivity and cross sectional area of the rod are k=1000W/m.K and (a) asymmetric (b) skew symmetric $A=0.01m^2$ respectively. Find out the set of algebraic equations for the (d) both (b) and (c). (c) symmetric temperature distribution along the rod using finite volume method. Hence, represent the algebraic equations in the matrix form. (vi) A source term for generation is considered (a) positive (b) negative (c) always zero (d) may have any value. 10 + 2 = 125. Describe the finite volume method for one dimensional, steady state

B.TECH / ME /7TH SEM/ MECH 4144/2017 **COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS** (MECH 4144)

Time Allotted : 3 hrs

Full Marks : 70

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 5 (five) from Group B to E, taking at least one from each group.

MECH 4144

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B.TECH / ME /7TH SEM/ MECH 4144/2017

(a) in smallest eddies

Convection is related to

(a) control volume boundaries

(c) both (a) and (b)

(c) boundaries

at the

Most of the kinetic energy of turbulence is contained

The solution of discretized equations contain distribution of variables

(b) in largest eddies

(b) nodal points

(d) both (a) and (c).

(d) not within eddies.

(vii)

(viii)

(ix)

Group - D

6. Explain the 'staggered grid' concept for two-dimensional situation.

12

7. What is 'SIMPLER' algorithm? Describe the 'SIMPLER' algorithm in flowchart form.

12

Group - E

8. Solve the following matrix equation using TDMA.

20	-5	0	0	0]	$\left\lceil \theta_{1} \right\rceil$		[1100]	
-5	15	-5	0	0	θ_2		100	
0	-5	15	-5	0	θ_3	=	100	
0	0	-5	15	-5	θ_4		100	
0	0	0	-5	10	$\left\lfloor \theta_{5} \right\rfloor$		1100 100 100 100 100	

9. Write short notes on:

12

- i. Grid topology
- ii. Boundary conditions

iii. CFD softwares

4 + 4 + 4 = 12