

B.Tech/BT/CE/CHE/EE/ME/3rd Sem/HMTS-2002/2015

2015

INDIAN CULTURE & HERITAGE

(HMTS 2002)

Time Alloted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 5 (five) from Group B to E, taking at least one from each group.

Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following : [10×1=10]
- i) The Astika (Orthodox) school of Indian philosophy accepts the authority of
(a) God (b) The Vedas
(c) Law of Karma (d) Moral Order
- ii) One of the famous Nastika (heterodox) school of Indian philosophy is
(a) The Yoga philosophy
(b) The Vedanta philosophy
(c) The Jaina philosophy
(d) The Sarikhya philosophy

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- iii) What is the source of knowledge according to Carvaka Philosophers?
(a) Perception (b) Inference
(c) Comparison (d) Testimony
- iv) Who said "Every Jiva is Siva, service of the Jiva is therefore worship of Siva"?
(a) Swami Vivekananda (b) Raja Rammohan Roy
(c) Rabindranath Tagore (d) Acharya Jagadish Bose
- v) The highest end of human life, according to the Carvakas is
(a) to reach Heaven
(b) to attain knowledge
(c) to realise God
(d) enjoyment of greatest amount of pleasure in this life
- vi) The chief feature of Jaina philosophy is :
(a) Love (b) Endurance
(c) Sympathy (d) Respect
- vii) The word 'Jina' in the Jaina philosophy etymologically means
(a) the conqueror (b) the liberated soul
(c) the seeker of the truth (d) the embodied soul
- viii) The Nyaya system of philosophy is the work of the great sage
(a) Kaplia (b) Vasubandhu
(c) Mahavira (d) Gautama

- ix) The first noble truth of Buddhism states
- (a) there is misery in the world
 - (b) there is a cause of misery
 - (c) that God exists
 - (d) the way of Liberation
- x) According to Lord Buddha, the ultimate cause of suffering is
- (a) Passions
 - (b) Commitment of sin
 - (c) Tendency to be born
 - (d) Ignorance

GROUP - B

2. (a) India is a country of diverse culture. Write a brief essay on the major religions practised in our country.
- (b) Explain the salient features of any one religion. **6+6 = 12**
3. (a) Discuss the main concept of Buddhist philosophy.
- (b) Explain the concept of Nirguna Brahman in Vedanta Philosophy. **6+6 = 12**

GROUP - C

4. 'Work is Worship' elucidate Swami Vivekananda's views on this. **12**
5. Write an essay on the concept of Karma-Yoga. **12**

Group - D

6. (a) Give a brief note on Practical Vedanta as preached by Swami Vivekananda.
- (b) What were the basic ideas conveyed by him in the World Parliament of Religions in Chicago? **6+6 = 12**
7. (a) The concept of virtue is an integral part of all societies. Express your views regarding the concept of virtue in Indian Philosophy.
- (b) 'Gita' as we know it is not a religious text. Write a short essay on the importance of the teachings of Gita for a globalized Indian. **6+6 = 12**

GROUP - E

8. (a) In which year Rabindranath Tagore was awarded the Noble Prize? Mention some of his works.
- (b) Explain in short, his concept of education. **(1+3)+8 = 12**
9. (a) What are the basic features of Indian Philosophy?
- (b) This year 21st June was celebrated as World Yoga Day and approximately 177 nations realised the importance of this ancient Indian Philosophy and participated in this celebration. What is the importance of this philosophy in your life? **6+6 = 12**