#### (a) either 0 or 1, between 0 & 1 3. (a) Write the benefits of fuzzy logic. (b) between 0 & 1, either 0 or 1 (b)(c) between 0 & 1, between 0 & 1 age of people. (d) either 0 or 1, either 0 or 1. (c) If $\tilde{A} = \{(x_1, 0.2), (x_2, 0.3), (x_3, 0.5)\}; \mu_{A^2}(x_2)$ equals to (v)

(d) 0.09.

Full Marks : 70

 $10 \times 1 = 10$ 

(d)  $A \supset B$ .

# Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable. Group – A

## (Multiple Choice Type Ouestions)

B.TECH/AEIE/7<sup>TH</sup> SEM/AEIE 4142/2017

SOFT COMPUTING

(AEIE 4142)

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and anv 5 (five) from Group B to E, taking at least one from each group.

1. Choose the correct alternative for the following:  $\mu_{M \mid N}(x, y); x \in M, y \in N$  in fuzzy set is represented by (i)

(a) complement operator	(b) minimum operator
(c) maximum operator	(d) disjunctive sum operator.

- The statement  $\{x | x \in A : or : x \in B\}$  is equivalent to (ii) (a)  $A \subset B$ (b)  $A \cup B$ (c)  $A \cap B$
- (iii) In a fuzzy controller, if error is positive and change of error is negative, the control output should be (b) negative (a) positive (d) any value. (c) zero
- (iv) The truth values of crisp set theory is \_\_\_\_\_ and that of fuzzy set is

- (a) 1.0 (b) 0.25(c) 0.04
- (vi) What is back propagation?

**Time Allotted : 3 hrs** 

- (a) It is another name given to the curvy function in the perceptron.
- (b) It is the transmission of error back through the network to adjust the inputs
- (c) It is the transmission of error back through the network to allow weights to be adjusted so that the network can learn.
- (d) It is a feedforward technique.

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### B.TECH/AEIE/7<sup>TH</sup> SEM/AEIE 4142/2017

(vii) In summer, weather is hot. The hotness can be represented in fuzzy logic by.  $(a) \wedge ME$ (b)  $\Gamma MF$ 

(a) A MIR (D	J I MIF
(c) Gaussian MF (d	l) п MF.

- (viii)  $A = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}; B = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\};$  Then  $A \cup B =$  $(a) \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ (b) {3, 4, 5, 6}  $(c) \{5, 6\}$ (d) {7, 8, 9}.
- (ix) Room temperature is cold. The cold membership function can be represented by (a) **∏** MF (b)  $\Gamma MF$ (c) *L* MF (d) Λ MF.
- Which of the following(s) is/are found in Genetic Algorithms? (x) (iii) reproduction (i) evolution (ii) selection (iv) mutation (a) (i) & (ii) only (b) (i), (ii) & (iii) only (c) (ii), (iii) & (iv) only (d) all of the above.

## Group - B

- Explain with example the difference between fuzzy set and crisp set. 2. (a)
  - (b)Consider two given fuzzy sets A and B are:

$$A = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{0.3}{4} + \frac{0.5}{6} + \frac{0.2}{8} \right\}$$
$$B = \left\{ \frac{0.5}{2} + \frac{0.4}{4} + \frac{0.1}{6} + \frac{1}{8} \right\}$$

Perform union, intersection and complement operations over fuzzy sets A and B.

4 + 8 = 12

- Using your own intuition, plot the fuzzy membership functions for the
- From the age set of {0, 100} years, develop suitable fuzzy membership function for young people.

4 + 4 + 4 = 12

# Group - C

Derive the relation matrix using Zadeh implication for the given fuzzy 4. (a) sets C and D:

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#### B.TECH/AEIE/7<sup>TH</sup> SEM/AEIE 4142/2017

$$C = \left\{ \frac{0.2}{x_1} + \frac{0.0}{x_2} + \frac{0.9}{x_3} + \frac{0.4}{x_4} \right\}$$
$$D = \left\{ \frac{0.1}{y_1} + \frac{0.3}{y_2} + \frac{0.7}{y_3} + \frac{1}{y_4} \right\}$$

(b) For the two fuzzy sets:

 $\bigcup_x = [10, 20, 30, 40]$ 

 $V_v = [10, 20, 30, 40]$ 

- (i) Design a relational matrix 'R' with the elements of U and V for notion of "*approximately equal*".
- (ii) Obtain the fuzzy sets by taking projection R on X and Y axis.

6 + (3 + 3) = 12

- 5. (a) Establish that controller output (u) is a function of input variables error(e) and change of error  $(\Delta e)$  :  $u = f(e, \Delta e)$ 
  - (b) With a net block diagram, state the design steps to develop a fuzzy PD controller with necessary mathematical calculations.

3 + 9 = 12

## Group - D

6. (a) Obtain the output of the neuron y for the network shown in fig.1 below using activation functions as (i) binary sigmoidal and (ii) bipolar sigmoidal.

The inputs values (*Xo*,  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ) are 0.5, 0.4 and 0.8 respectively and their corresponding synaptic weights ( $w_0$ ,  $w_1$ ,  $w_2$ ) are 0.2, -0.3 and 0.3.



(b) Explain the training algorithms of radial basis function network (RBFN).

6 + 6 = 12

B.TECH/AEIE/7<sup>TH</sup> SEM/AEIE 4142/2017

- 7. (a) How many hidden layers can there be in a neural network?
  - (b) What is the activation function used in RBFN?
  - (c) Draw the architecture and list the stages involved in training of back propagation neural network (BPNN).

2 + 2 + 8 = 12

### Group - E

- 8. (a) Write the advantages and limitations of Genetic Algorithm.
  - (b) With a net flowchart, explain the operation of a simple genetic algorithm.

4 + 8 = 12

- 9. (a) Explain a general neuro-fuzzy hybrid system with proper block diagram.
  - (b) State the limitations of neural networks and fuzzy systems when operated individually.

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8 + 4 = 12