### **B.TECH/CHE/4**<sup>TH</sup> **SEM/CHE2202/2025**

# **CHEMICAL PROCESS TECHNOLOGY** (CHE2202)

Time Allotted: 2½ hrs Full Marks: 60

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 4 (four) from Group B to E, taking one from each group.

Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.

1.

Group – A							
Answe	er any twelve:	$12 \times 1 = 12$					
	for the following						
(i)	Which chemicals are added as corrosion i (a) Chloride and iodine (c) Cyanides and Iron	nhibitors in Solvay method? (b) Cyanides and sulfides (d) Sulfides and chloride.					
(ii)	Catalyst used in the sulphuric acid product (a) Platinum – rhodium (c) Vanadium pentoxide	ction unit is (b) Aluminium and zinc oxide (d) Lime					
(iii)	Industrially viable catalyst used for the properties (a) Vanadium pentoxide (c) Hydrogen peroxide	oduction of HNO3 is (b) Cobalt molybdenum (d) Platinum/rhodium alloy					
(iv)	The fraction of crude oil used in petrol is (a) Gas oil (c) Fuel oil	(b) Light gasoline (d) Kerosene					
(v)	Straight run gasoline in the fractional colu (a) 135°C to 170°C (c) 8°C to 25°C	imn is obtained at what temperature? (b) 70° to 120°c (d) 130°C to 150°C					
(vi)	Dowtherm is used during ethylene oxide (a) To maintain the reactor pressure (b) To maintain the reactor temperature (c) To maintain the higher conversion (d) None of these	production					
(vii)	The catalyst of fluid catalytic cracking rea (a) Zeolite (c) Ferric oxide	ction is (b) Ziggler Nutta (d) Charcoal					

(viii)	Bitumen is used for the production of (a) Blast furnace coke (c) Paving grade coal	(b) Coke (d) Metallurgical coke		
(ix)	The raw materials of portland pozolana c (a) Calcium and silica (c) Silica and fly ash	ement are (b) Calcium and alumina (d) Calcium and fly ash		
(x)	Which of the following cooling towers poto water? (a) Natural Draft (c) Natural and Mechanical Draft	<ul><li>(b) Mechanical Draft</li><li>(d) Atmospheric Draft.</li></ul>		
	Fill in the blanks with the o	correct word		
(xi)	To avoid iron contamination during chlorine production evaporator should be lined with			
(xii)	is not an important refinery process for upgrading the quality of lubricating oil.			
(xiii)	is circulated in quench tower to reduce the temperature of crude butadiene.			
(xiv)	(xiv) The modulus of elasticity of ceramic has a range of			
(xv)	(xv) The oil colour is removed by treating withduring hydrogenation vegetable oil.			
	Group - B			
(a) (b)	Describe the manufacturing process of chlorine production in mercury cell with a help of a neat flow sheet. [(C01,C02)(Analyse/H0CQ)] Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of mercury cell process. [(C04)(Remember/L0CQ)] $8+4=12$			
(a)	Briefly explain the sulphur dioxide comultistage catalytic converter with the he	<del>-</del>		
(b)	Discuss the major engineering problem	ns associated with the sulphuric acid		
(c)	production unit. Discuss the rate of contact reaction of sul	[(CO5)(Understand/LOCQ)] phuric acid production unit.  [(CO5)(Apply/IOCQ)] $6 + 4 + 2 = 12$		
	Group - C			
(a)	Explain the manufacturing process of urea, including the raw materials, process			
(d)	flow sheet, and major equipment details. [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)] Explain the process of Biuret formation and its disadvantages. [(CO2, CO3)(Apply/IOCQ)]			

2.

3.

4.

8 + 4 = 12

- 5. (a) State the difference between SSP, TSP, and DAP. [(CO2)(Analyse/HOCQ)]
  - (b) Discuss the benefit and problem associated with Nitrogen fertilizers.

[(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)]

6 + 6 = 12

## Group - D

- 6. (a) Briefly discuss the manufacturing process of ethylene oxide production with the help of a neat flow sheet. [(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)]
  - (b) State the application properties of ethanol monomer and its chemical formula.

[(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)]

8 + 4 = 12

- 7. (a) Write the reactions occurring during isopropanol production. [(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)]
  - (b) Explain the manufacturing process of acrylonitrile production with the help of a neat flow sheet. [(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)]

4 + 8 = 12

### Group - E

- 8. (a) Discuss various steps of hydrogenation of oil. [(CO4)(Analyse/IOCQ)]
  - (b) Explain the enzymatic interesterification process with the help of a diagram. Give an example of transesterification process. [(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)]

6 + (4 + 2) = 12

- 9. (a) Describe the properties of refractories and its application. [(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)]
  - (b) Write a short notes on sintering and fused in refractories. What type of material is used for the insulation in refractories? [(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)]

6 + (4 + 2) = 12

Cognition Level	LOCQ	IOCQ	HOCQ
Percentage distribution	39.58	20.84	39.58