B.TECH/BT/4TH SEM/BTC2202/2025

INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY & ENZYME TECHNOLOGY (BTC2202)

Time Allotted: 2½ hrs Full Marks: 60

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 4 (four) from Group B to E, taking one from each group.

Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.

Group – A				
1.	Answer any twelve:			12 × 1 = 12
		Choose the correct alternative f	for the following	
	(i)	Catabolite repression is eliminated by (a) Analogue resistant mutant (c) Fedbatch fermentation	(b) Auxotrophic mutant (d) None of these	
	(ii)	Two steps fermentation is required for pr (a) Acetic acid (c) Gluconic acid	oduction of (b) Lactic acid (d) None of these	
	(iii)	Microbial heteropolysaccharide is (a) Glucan (c) Cellulose	(b) Xanthan (d) None of these	
	(iv)	Transition is kind of (a) Point mutation (c) Silent mutation	(b) Frameshift mutation(d) None of these	
	(v)	Soyabean meal is source of (a) Nitrogen (c) Sulphur	(b) Carbon (d) None of these	
	(vi)	Pilot plant is used for preparation of (a) Starer culture (c) Recovery of product	(b) Production media(d) None of these	
	(vii)	Hexokinase enzyme is under the group of (a) Transferase (c) Ligase	(b) Lyase(d) None of these	
	(viii)	HFCS is prepared by (a) Glucose oxidase (c) Pectinase	(b) Glucose isomerase(d) None of these	

(ix)	Lyase enzyme is used for (a) Production of double bond (c) Addition of alkyl group	(b) Removal of d (d) None of these	
(x)	HFCS is prepared by (a) Glucose oxidase (c) Pectinase	(b) Glucose isom (d) None of these	
	Fill in the blanks with	h the correct word	
(xi)	Transversion is type of	mutation.	
(xii)	Nitrous acid is type ofn	mutagen.	
(xiii)	Pectinase enzyme is used for prepar	ration of	
(xiv)	Cost effective nitrogen source is		
(xv)	is known as a cr	oss-linking agent.	
	Group	o - B	
(a) (b) (c)	Analyse the catabolite repression procession briefly the downstream prowhat are the different steps involve	cess.	[(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)] [(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)] [On process. [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ) $4 + 4 + 4 = 12$
(a) (b) (c) (d)	Analyse the primary screening proc Briefly discuss the genetic engineer What is frameshift mutation. Mention the role of nitrous acid.		[(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)] [(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)] [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)] [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)] 3 + 4 + 3 + 2 = 12
	Group	o - C	
(a) (b) (c)	Discuss the different steps in beer p Analyse the role of iron in citric acid What are alcoholic beverages?	-	[(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)] [(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)] [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)] 7 + 3 + 2 = 12
(a)	Mention one secondary metabolite	and its production sche	
(b) (c)	Briefly discuss how riboflavin is rec Analyse the importance of mashing		[(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ) [(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)] [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ) 4 + 4 + 4 = 12
	Group	o - D	
(a)	Analyse the mode of action of lyase	and ligase.	[(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

(c)	Define total activity and specific activity of an enzyme.	[(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)] $4 + 4 + 4 = 12$
(a)	Explain how penicillin acylase enzyme is immobilaised?	[(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)]

Discuss how blood glucose level is estimated by two different methods.

(b)

7. (a) Explain how penicillin acylase enzyme is immobilaised? [(CO3)(Analyse/HOCQ)]
(b) Briefly discuss how blood alcohol level is estimated? [(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)]
(c) Classify enzymes on the basis of their mode of action. [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)] 4 + 4 + 4 = 12

Group - E

- 8. (a) How can you immobilize enzymes by Encapsulation? Write it's advantages and limitations. [(CO1)(Analyse, Remember/IOCQ, LOCQ)]
 - (b) Write down the characteristics of an ideal Biosensor. [(CO5)(Remember/LOCQ)] (2 + 2 + 2) + 6 = 12
- 9. (a) Describe the working principle of Packed Bed as reactor of immobilized enzymes. [(CO1)(Describe/HOCQ)]
 - (b) Briefly describe the working principle of a Piezoelectric Biosensor.

 [(CO5)(Describe/IOCQ)]

6 + 6 = 12

[(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)]

	Cognition Level	LOCQ	IOCQ	HOCQ
ſ	Percentage distribution	28.12	32.29	39.59