

**B.TECH/CE/5<sup>TH</sup> SEM/CIVL 3104/2016**

**ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING  
(CIVL 3104)**

**Time Allotted : 3 hrs**

**Full Marks : 70**

*Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 5 (five) from Group B to E, taking at least one from each group.*

*Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.*

**Group - A  
(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**

1. Choose the correct alternative for the following: **10 × 1 = 10**
- (i) Treatment of Iron and Manganese present in ground water is done by  
(a) Coagulation (b) Softening  
(c) Aeration (d) Chlorination.
- (ii) Design period for water treatment plant is  
(a) 50 yrs (b) 30 yrs (c) 40 yrs (d) 15 yrs.
- (iii) A water having pH=9 will have hydroxyl ion concentration of  
(a)  $10^9$  moles/l (b)  $10^{-9}$  moles/l  
(c)  $10^{-5}$  moles/l (d)  $10^5$  moles/l
- (iv) Permanent hardness in water is caused by  
(a) Bicarbonates of Ca<sup>++</sup> and Mg<sup>++</sup>  
(b) Sulphates of Ca<sup>++</sup> and Mg<sup>++</sup>  
(c) Chlorides of Ca<sup>++</sup> and Mg<sup>++</sup>  
(d) both (b) and (c).
- (v) The treatment units where only physical or gravitational forces are involved are known as  
(a) unit processes (b) unit operations  
(c) step units (d) none.
- (vi) The residual chlorine existing in chemical combination with ammonia or organic nitrogen compounds is known as:  
(a) Combined available residual chlorine  
(b) Free available residual chlorine  
(c) Residual chlorine  
(d) Chlorine demand.

**B.TECH/CE/5<sup>TH</sup> SEM/CIVL 3104/2016**

- (vii) Wastewater from bathrooms, kitchens, washbasins containing negligible amount of organic matter is termed as:  
(a) Sewage (b) Sullage  
(c) Sub-soil water (d) Night Soil.
- (viii) A primary sedimentation tank is not required for  
(a) ASP (b) Extended aeration system  
(c) Trickling filter (d) none of above.
- (ix) Hydraulic mean depth for a circular sewer is  
(a) D/2 (b) D/4 (c) 3D/4 (d) D.
- (x) Example of suspended growth system is  
(a) Aerated lagoon (b) Oxidation ditch  
(c) Oxidation pond (d) All of the above.

**Group - B**

2. (a) Find out pH of mixture of following solution:  
Solution A Volume=350ml, pH = 8  
Solution B Volume=750 ml, pH = 6
- (b) Given sample pH = 6, ionization constant at 20°C=2.5X10<sup>-8</sup> moles /litre.  
Find the percentage of HOCl and OCl<sup>-</sup>
- 6 + 6 = 12**
3. Write down the permissible values of the following drinking water quality parameters as per IS code and also mention their harmful effects on human health and welfare. **(Any four)**  
(i) Iron, (ii) Fluoride, (iii) Alkalinity, (iv) Hardness, (v) Chloride.
- 4 × 3 = 12**

**Group - C**

4. Calculate the storage required to supply the demand shown in the following table if the inflow of water to the reservoir is maintained at a uniform rate throughout 24 hrs.

Time	0-04	04-08	08-12	12-16	16-20	20-24
Demand in million litre	0.48	0.87	1.33	1.00	0.82	0.54

**12**

5. (a) State the difference between slow sand filter and rapid sand filter.

- (b) What are the operational troubles in rapid sand filter and state their remedial measures.

**6 + 6 = 12**

**Group - D**

6. What do you understand by “storm water”? How can you determine dry weather flow? A catchment area of 20 sq km consists of two third rural and one third urban area The rainfall intensity in the area is recorded as 25 mm/hr. Find the quantity of storm water in the area in litres/sec. K for rural area = 0.3, K for urban area = 0.5.

**3 + 3 + 6 = 12**

7. Design the diameter of combined sewer having the following data  
Area = 500 hectares, population = 100000, water supply 50 l/c/d, intensity of rainfall = 15 mm/hr, impermeability factor = 0.5, maximum permissible velocity 2 m/s, assume reasonable data if necessary.

**12**

**Group - E**

8. An average operation data for ASP is as below:  
(i) Wastewater flow = 10,000 cum per day  
(ii) Influent BOD<sub>5</sub> = 150 mg/l  
(iii) Effluent BOD<sub>5</sub> = 5 mg/l  
(iv) MLSS = 3000 mg/l  
(v) Underflow concentration = 10000 mg/l from secondary clarifier  
(vi) Biomass decay rate ( $k_d$ ) = 0.05 d<sup>-1</sup>.  
Based on above calculate (a) Volume of tank, (b) Mass and volume of solid waste per day and (c) Recycling ratio.

**12**

9. The following observation was made on BOD test :  
(i) 4% wastewater in diluted sample  
(ii) DO of aerated water required for dilution = 4 mg/l.  
(iii) DO of diluted sample after 5 days incubation at 20 degree Celsius = 0.6 mg/l.  
(iv) DO of original sample = 0.5 mg/l.  
Calculate BOD<sub>5</sub> and ultimate BOD considering BOD rate constant = 0.15 d<sup>-1</sup>.

**12**