M.TECH/AEIE/1ST SEM/AEIE 5141/2024

MECHATRONICS (AEIE 5141)

Time Allotted: 2½ hrs Full Marks: 60

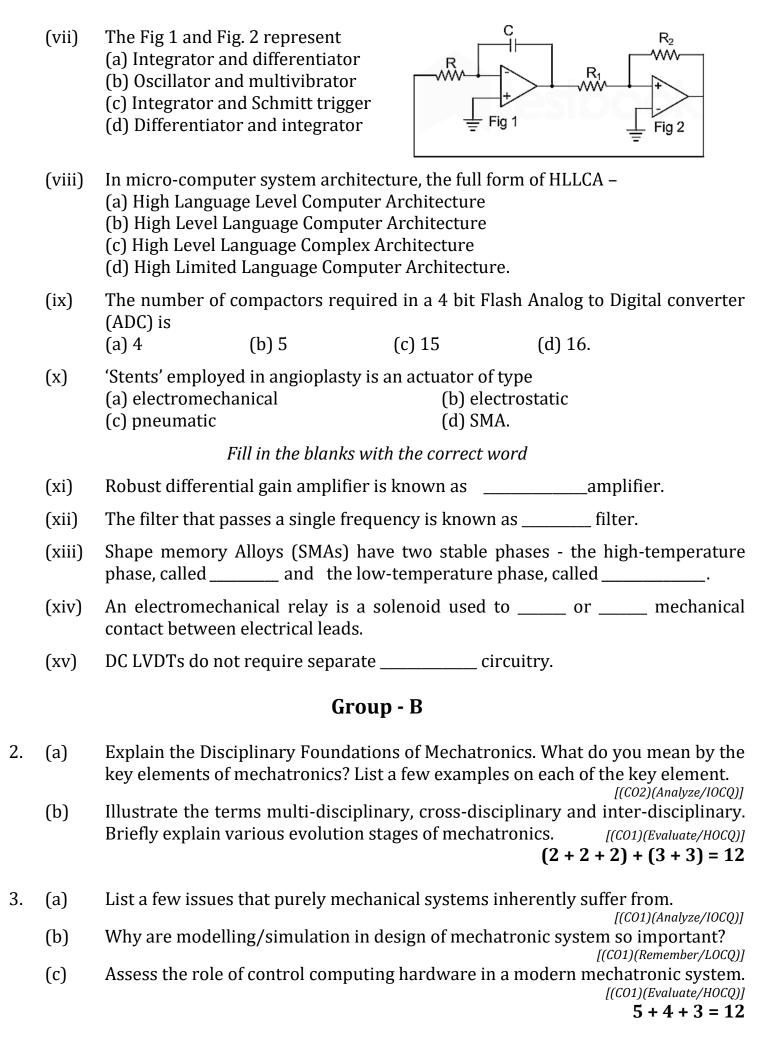
Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 4 (four) from Group B to E, taking one from each group.

Candidates are required to give answer in their own words as far as practicable.

1.

Group – A					
Answer any twelve: 12 ×					
	Choose the correct alternative for the following				
(i)	For lower frequency bandwidth (typi accelerometer is (a) piezoelectric type (c) electromechanical type	cally 0 – 800 Hz), the recommend (b) capacitive type (d) piezoresistive type.			
(ii)	In high-rise buildings, motion induced by this vibration can be reduced by (a) Tuned mass damper (c) strain gauge	y earthquake or wind is amplified and (b) gyroscope (d) electromagnetic flowmeter.			
(iii)	Mechanical elements / components refer (a) gear-pinion (c) flexi force sensor	to (b) servo motor (d) relay.			
(iv)	The gauge factor of semiconductor strain (a) 2 to 10 (c) more than 200	gauge is in the range of (b) 100 to 150 (d) 50 to 100.			
(v)	In pneumatic actuators, Air Storage Capa (a) Pressure x Volume (b) volume x length of cylinder (c) Pressure x length of cylinder (d) Pressure x cross section area of cylinder				
(vi)	To reject common mode noise, we prefer (a) instrumentation amplifier (c) integrating amplifier	(b) inverting amplifier(d) summing amplifier.			



Group - C

- 4. (a) How do you measure displacement in mm scale? Describe the transduction principle of the said transducer with I/O characteristics. [(CO1)(Remember/LOCQ)]
 - (b) Name three different types of commonly used LVDTs. Specify their applications in industry. [(CO2)(Analyze/IOCQ)]

$$(2+4)+(3+3)=12$$

5. (a) Classify sensors based by considering transduction principle.

[(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)]

(c) State the pros and cons of Resistive Foil Strain Gauge.

[(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)]

(d) A single strain gauge of nominal resistance 120Ω and gauge factor of 2 is bonded to a material having an elastic stress limit 400 N/m2 and modulus of elasticity 200 MN/m2. Calculate the change in resistance due to a change in stress equal to 1/10th of the elastic range. [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)]

4 + 4 + 4 = 12

Group - D

- 6. (a) How can common mode signal is rejected by using Instrumentation amplifier in signal conditioning circuitry? [(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)]
 - (b) Compare integrator with differentiator from the application point of view.

[(CO2)(Analyze/IOCQ)]

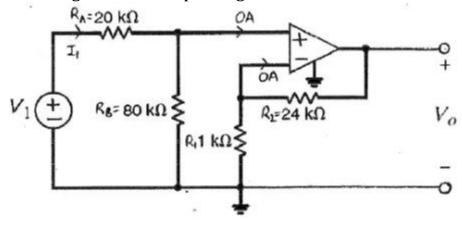
(c) Estimate the percentage error in output voltage due to finite CMRR of 50 dB, when the inputs are V1=1.0 volt and V2= 1.01volt for the OpAmp.

[(CO5)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]

4 + 6 + 2 = 12

- 7. (a) Why micro-actuators are part and parcel in medical surgery? Compare Lateral and Transverse comb drive microactuators. [(CO3)(Remember/LOCQ)]
 - (b) Calculate the gain of the amplifier given below.

[(CO3)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]



(4+3)+5=12

Group - E

8. (a) Examine the final output voltage expression of a 4-bit R-2R ladder type DAC.

[(CO3)(Analyse/HOCO)]

(b) Explain the operation of any one type of ADC.

[(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)]

(c) Give an example of Digital to Analog Converter in real life.

[(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)]

5 + 5 + 2 = 12

9. (a) Explain the importance of microcomputer in mechatronics systems.

[(CO3)(Analyse/IOCQ)]

(b) What do you mean by embedded system?

[(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)]

(c) Describe an embedded system that can be employed for non-contact measurement / monitoring of human body temperature with a suitable block diagram. [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)]

4 + 3 + 5 = 12

Cognition Level	LOCQ	IOCQ	HOCQ
Percentage distribution	34.38	43.75	21.88